

## BULLYING AND CYBERBULLYING IN SCHOOLS

### I. Introduction

All students have the right to attend public schools that are safe and secure learning environments. It is the intent of the Milford School Committee to provide all students with an equitable opportunity to learn. To that end, the Committee has a significant interest in providing a safe, orderly, and respectful school environment that is conducive to teaching and learning.

Bullying is detrimental to the school environment and student learning, achievement and well-being. It interferes with the mission of the school to educate their students and disrupts the operations of the school. Bullying affects not only students who are targets but also those who participate and witness such behavior. These behaviors must be addressed to ensure student safety and an inclusive learning environment.

It is not the Committee's intent to prohibit students from expressing their ideas, including ideas that may offend the sensibilities of others, or from engaging in civil debate. However, the Committee does not condone and will take action in response to conduct that interferes with students' opportunity to learn, the educational mission of the Dr. Lewis S. Libby School, and the operation of the school.

### II. Prohibited Behavior

The following behaviors are prohibited:

1. Bullying;
2. Cyberbullying;
3. Harassment and Sexual Harassment (as defined in board policy ACAA);
4. Retaliation against those reporting such defined behaviors; and
5. Knowing and false accusations of bullying behavior.

Any person who engages in any of these prohibited behaviors that constitutes bullying shall be subject to consequences.

### III. Bullying and Cyberbullying Defined

A. "Bullying" includes, but is not limited to, a written, oral or electronic expression or a physical act or gesture or any combination thereof directed at a student or students that:

- (1.) Has, or a reasonable person would expect it to have, the effect of:
  - (a.) Physically harming a student or damaging a student's property; or
  - (b.) Placing a student in reasonable fear of physical harm or damage to the student's property;
- (2.) Interferes with the rights of a student by:
  - (a.) Creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment for the student; or

(b.) Interfering with the student's academic performance or ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities or privileges provided by a school; or

(3.) Is based on a student's actual or perceived race, color, national origin, ancestry, religion, physical or mental disability, gender, sexual orientation, or any other distinguishing characteristic, or is based on a student's association with a person with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics, and that has the effect described in subparagraph (1) or (2) above. (These behaviors might also meet the criteria for harassment as defined in committee policy ACAA: Harassment and Sexual Harassment of Students.)

Examples of conduct that may constitute bullying include, but are not limited to:

1. Repeated or pervasive taunting, name-calling, belittling, mocking, put-downs, or demeaning humor;
2. Behavior that is intended to harm someone by damaging or manipulating his or her relationships with others, including but not limited to gossip, spreading rumors, and social exclusion;
3. Non-verbal threats and/or intimidations such as use of aggressive, menacing, or disrespectful gestures;
4. Threats of harm to a student, to his/her possessions, or to other individuals, whether transmitted verbally or in writing;
5. Blackmail, extortion, demands for protection money, or involuntary loans or donations;
6. Blocking access to school property or facilities;
7. Stealing or hiding books, backpacks, or other possessions;
8. Stalking; and
9. Physical contact or injury to another person or his/her property.

B. "Cyberbullying" means bullying through the use of technology or any electronic communication, including, but not limited to, a transfer of signs, signals, writing, images, sounds, data or intelligence of any nature transmitted by the use of any electronic device, including, but not limited to, a computer, telephone, cellular telephone, text messaging device and personal digital assistant.

Examples of conduct that may constitute cyberbullying include, but are not limited to the following actions on any electronic medium:

1. Posting slurs or rumors or displaying any defamatory, inaccurate, disparaging, violent, abusive, profane, or sexually oriented material about a student on a website or other online application;
2. Posting misleading or fake photographs or digital video footage of a student on

websites or creating fake websites or social networking profiles in the guise of posing as the target;

3. Impersonating or representing another student through use of that other student's electronic device or account to send e-mail, text messages, instant messages (IM), or phone calls;
4. Sending e-mail, text messages, IM, or leaving voice mail messages that are mean or threatening, or so numerous as to bombard the target's e-mail account, IM account, or cell phone; and
5. Using a camera phone or digital video camera to take and/or send embarrassing or "sexting" photographs of other students.

C. "Retaliation" means an act or gesture against a student for asserting or alleging an act of bullying. "Retaliation" also includes reporting an act of bullying when it is not made in good faith.

D. Alternative discipline means disciplinary action other than suspension or expulsion from school that is designed to correct and address the root causes of a student's specific misbehavior while retaining the student in class or school, or restorative school practices to repair the harm done to relationships and persons from the student's misbehavior.

#### **IV. Application of Policy**

A. This policy applies to any student, school employee, contractor, visitor or volunteer who engages in conduct that constitutes bullying or retaliation, all of whom have the responsibility to comply with this policy.

B. This policy applies to bullying that:

1. Takes place at school or on school grounds, meaning: a school building; property on which a school building or facility is located; and property that is owned, leased or used by a school for a school-sponsored activity, function, program, instruction or training. "School grounds" also includes school-related transportation vehicles.

2. Takes place while students are being transported to or from schools or school-sponsored events;

3. Takes place at any school-sponsored event, activity, function, program, instruction or training; or

4. Takes place elsewhere or through the use of technology, but only if the bullying also infringes on the rights of the student at school as set forth in this policy's definition of bullying.

#### **V. Reporting**

Bullying or suspected bullying is reportable in person or in writing (including anonymously) to school personnel.

A. School staff, coaches and advisors for extracurricular and co-curricular activities are required to report incidents of bullying to the school principal or other school personnel designated by the superintendent.

B. Students who have been bullied or are aware of incidents of bullying are strongly encouraged to report this behavior to a staff member or school administrator.

C. Parents and other adults who are aware of incidents of bullying are encouraged to report this behavior to a staff member or school administrator.

D. Acts of reprisal or retaliation against any person who reports an incident of bullying are prohibited. Any student who is determined to have falsely accused another of bullying shall be subject to disciplinary consequences.

E. Reports of alleged bullying may be made anonymously, except by school staff, coaches and advisors, but in no instance will disciplinary action be taken against any person or organization affiliated with the schools solely on the basis of an anonymous report. The school principal or superintendent's designee will forward a copy of the completed Reporting Form to the superintendent.

## **VI. Responding**

### **Safety Measures**

The school principal or superintendent's designee will communicate to the parent(s) or guardian(s) of the student(s) who was believed to have been bullied and to prevent further act of bullying.

School personnel should be careful to respect the confidentiality of student information when communicating with the parent(s) or guardian(s) of a student who was believed to have been bullied. It should be sufficient to inform the parents of what the school is doing to protect the student from further alleged bullying behaviors and to convey that the incident will be investigated and appropriate actions will be taken, without providing details that would be considered a violation of FERPA or an invasion of privacy.

The school principal or a superintendent's designee will:

- A. Promptly investigate and respond to allegations of bullying behavior;
- B. Keep written documentation of all allegations of bullying behavior and outcomes of the investigations, and report substantiated incidents to the superintendent;
- C. Apply disciplinary actions appropriate to the incident and which is not limited to a series of graduated consequences that may include alternative discipline. In determining the appropriate response to students who engage in bullying behavior, school administrators should consider the type of behaviors, the frequency and/or pattern of behaviors, and other relevant circumstances. Alternative discipline includes, but is not limited to:
  1. Meeting with the student and the student's parents;
  2. Reflective activities, such as requiring the student to write an essay about the student's misbehavior;
  3. Mediation, but only when there is mutual conflict between peers, rather than one-way negative behavior, and both parties voluntarily choose this option;

4. Counseling;
5. Anger management;
6. Health counseling or intervention;
7. Mental health counseling;
8. Participation in skills building and resolution activities, such as social-emotional cognitive skills building, resolution circles and restorative conferencing;
9. Community service; and
10. In-school detention or suspension, which may take place during lunchtime, after school or on weekends.
11. Repeated offender of bullying may be subject to expulsion.

D. Remediate any substantiated incident of bullying to counter the negative impact of the bullying and reduce the risk of future bullying incidents, which may include referring the victim, perpetrator or other involved persons to counseling or other appropriate services;

E. Communicate to the parent of a student who has been bullied the measures being taken to ensure the safety of the student who has been bullied and to prevent further acts of bullying;

F. Communicate with a local or state law enforcement agency if the school principal or the superintendent's designee believes that the pursuit of criminal charges or a civil action under the Maine Civil Rights Act may be appropriate; and

G. Notify parents, guardians and students of the right to appeal a decision of a school principal or a superintendent's designee related to taking or not taking disciplinary action in accordance with this policy. The appeals procedure must be consistent with other appeals procedures established by the school committee and may include an appeal to the superintendent.

**VII. Assignment of Responsibility**

A. The School Committee is responsible for:

1. Annually providing written versions of this policy and related procedures to students, parents, volunteers, administrators, teachers and school staff.
2. Posting this policy and related procedures on the school administrative unit's publicly accessible website.
3. Including in student handbooks a section that addresses in detail this policy and related procedures.

B. The Superintendent is responsible for:

1. Oversight, implementation, and enforcement of this policy.
2. Designating a school principal or other school personnel to administer the policies at the school level;
3. Developing a procedure for publicly identifying the superintendent's designee or designees for administering the policies at the school level;
4. Developing procedures to implement the requirements for reporting and responding to bullying under sections V and VI of this policy or delegating responsibility to principals or designees. that
5. Ensuring that any contractor, visitor, or volunteer who engages in bullying is barred from school grounds until the superintendent is assured that the person comply with the policies of the school committee; and will
6. Ensuring that any organization affiliated with the school that authorizes or engages in bullying or retaliation forfeits permission for that organization to operate on school grounds or receive any other benefit of affiliation with the school;
7. Providing professional development and staff training in the best practices in prevention of bullying and harassment and implementation of this policy;
8. Filing the SAU policies to address bullying and cyberbullying with the Department of Education.

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